



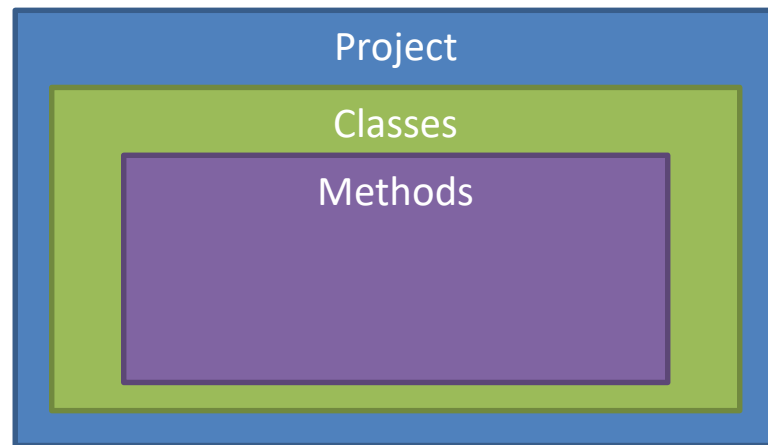
# Methods

## Part 01

# Code Organization

- Organized and structured code helps to:
  - Reuse parts of code, so you use less statements
  - Quickly find bugs or errors
  - Easily add or extend functionality
- Java Organizes Software
  - First in Projects
  - Then in Classes
  - Then in Methods

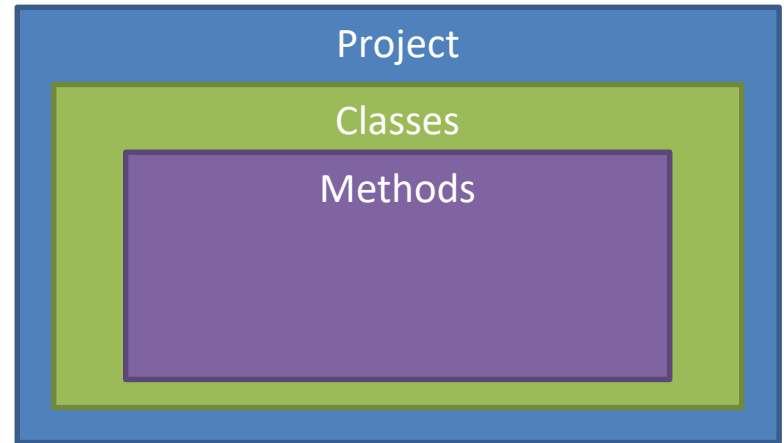
## Java Software Structure



# Methods

- Methods are where we write *functional* code
  - Declare and use “local” / “temporary” / “method” variables
  - Branching Statements
  - Loops
- Using a method is referred to as “invoking” or “calling”
- We have only used the *main method* so far
  - Entry point of software
  - All functional code has been written inside of the main method
  - Called by the system

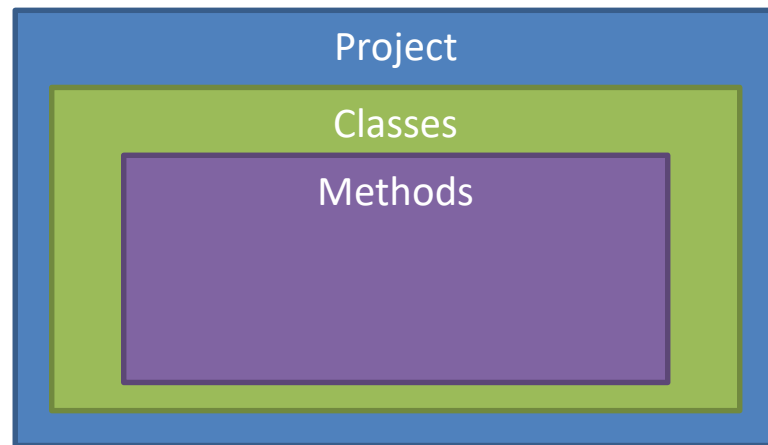
## Java Software Structure



# Methods

- Creating other methods organize code into *actions*
- Methods can be thought of as “verbs”
  - They act as actions or functionality in software
- Methods in Java must be written inside body of “classes”
  - Within the curly braces (“{}”) of a class
  - Methods cannot be defined inside of other methods only inside of classes

## Java Software Structure



# Methods

- Defining a simple method requires the following:
  - Scope: Where this method can be called
  - Return Type: What value does this method return
  - Identifier: The *callable* name of the method
  - Parameters: Arguments / information passed to the method
  - Body: Curly braces denoting the code that belongs to the method

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public void greetings()  
{  
    System.out.println("Hello World");  
}
```

# Methods

- Scope is where the method can be *called*
- The scope “public” indicates it can be called inside and outside of the class
- The scope “private” indicates it can only be called within the class and not outside
- There are other scopes, but we will focus on these

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public void greetings()  
{  
    System.out.println(“Hello World”);  
}
```

# Methods

- Return Type is a value that the method *returns* after it has completed
- This can be any data type
- The special type “void” means the method returns nothing
- Any return type that is **not void** must use the reserved word “return” followed by that type of data

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public void greetings()  
{  
    System.out.println(“Hello World”);  
}
```



# Methods

- Return Type is a value that the method *returns* after it has completed
- This can be any data type
- The special type “void” means the method returns nothing
- Any return type that is **not void** must use the reserved word “return” followed by that type of data

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public String getGreetingsString()  
{  
    return “Hello World”;  
}
```

# Methods

- Method Identifiers (“id”) follow the same rules as variables
- Identifiers may contain **ONLY**
  - Letters
  - Digits (0 through 9)
  - The underscore character ( \_ )
- Identifiers **CANNOT** contain
  - Spaces of any kind
  - Digit as the First Character
  - Dots “.”
  - Asterisks “\*”
  - Other types of special characters

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public String getGreetingsString()  
{  
    return “Hello World”;  
}
```

# Methods

- Method Identifiers (“id”) follow the same rules as variables
- Identifiers are Case Sensitive
- Identifiers CANNOT be a **reserved word**
- Identifiers start with a Lowercase Character
- Multiword identifiers are “punctuated” using uppercase characters
- Methods should have meaningful identifiers
  - Clearly indicate what type of action(s) the method will perform
  - Use *verbiage* as the method’s identifiers

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public String getGreetingsString()  
{  
    return “Hello World”;  
}
```

# Methods

- Parameters allow information to be *given / passed* to the method from outside of it
- Placed inside the parenthesis
- Act as variables for the method
  - Requires a type and an identifier
- Multiple parameters require a comma “,” separating them
  - All parameters require a type and an identifier
- The scope is only within the body of the method they are defined

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public double inchesToCentimeters(double inches)  
{  
    return inches * 2.54;  
}
```

# Methods

- Parameters allow information to be *given / passed* to the method from outside of it
- Placed inside the parenthesis
- Act as variables for the method
  - Requires a type and an identifier
- Multiple parameters require a comma “,” separating them
  - All parameters require a type and an identifier
- The scope is only within the body of the method they are defined

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public boolean isGreaterThan(int a, int b)  
{  
    return a > b;  
}
```

# Methods

- The body of the method is where we place *functional code*
  - Declare and use “local”/ “temporary” / “method” variables
  - Branching Statements
  - Loops
- Variables declared inside of a method’s body cannot be used outside of that method

## Defining a Method

```
<<scope>> <<return type>> <<id>> (<<parameters>>)  
{  
    <<Body of the method>>  
}
```

## Example

```
public boolean isGreaterThan(int a, int b)  
{  
    return a > b;  
}
```

# Methods

- Using a method is referred to as “invoking” or “calling” a method
- When a method is called the program *jumps* to that method and starts running the code
- Once that method has completed it *jumps back* from where it was called
- Calling a method from inside of the class where it was defined requires using its identifier and parameters

## Defining a Method

```
<<id>>( <<parameters>> );
```

### Example

```
public void printGreeting()  
{  
    String str = getGreetingString();  
    System.out.println(str);  
}  
public String getGreetingString()  
{  
    return "Hello World";  
}
```

# Methods

- Calling a method from outside of the class where it was defined requires:
  - The method to have the “public” scope
  - An *instance* of that class to be constructed
  - Using that instance followed by the dot (“.”) followed by the method’s identifier and parameters
- Creating an instance of the class (object) requires declaring a variable and then constructing it by using “new” followed by the class type and parenthesis
  - This is how Scanner has worked
  - Calling a method from an object that has not been constructed will cause a run-time error called a *NullPointerException/NullReferenceException*

## Defining a Method

```
//Create an instance of the class
<<class type>> <<id>> = new <<class type>>();
<<id>>.<<method id>>(<<parameters>>);
```

### Example

```
public class GreetingsProgram
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        GreetingsProgram g = new GreetingsProgram();
        g.printGreetings();//Calls the method
    }
    ...
}
```



# Methods

- This is how we would call a method from the main method
  - Cannot directly call a method from the main method without creating an instance of the class (object)
  - We will discuss why in a future lecture

## Defining a Method

```
//Create an instance of the class
<<class type>> <<id>> = new <<class type>>();
<<id>>.<<method id>>(<<parameters>>);
```

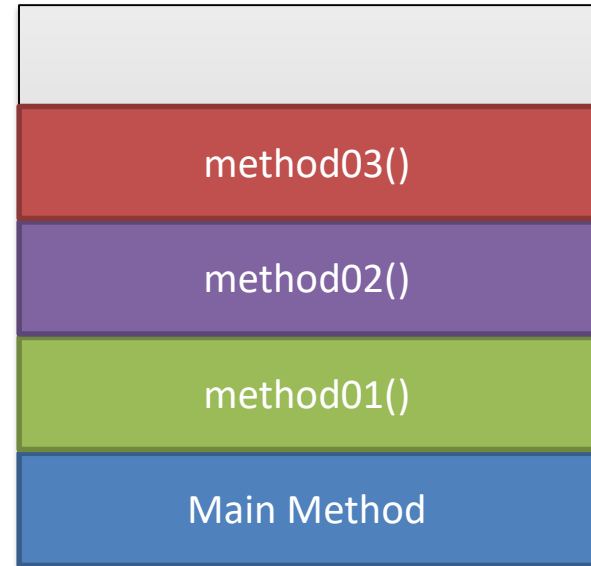
## Example

```
public class GreetingsProgram
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        GreetingsProgram g = new GreetingsProgram();
        g.printGreetings();//Calls the method
    }
    ...
}
```

# Methods And Memory

- Programs have different sections of memory
  - Stack / Call Stack
  - Heap
  - Data (Global)
  - Text
- When a method is called it is *pushed* onto the call stack
- When a method completes it is *popped* off of the call stack

## Call Stack in Memory



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
    }
    public void start()
    {
        System.out.println("Start");
        printOne();
    }
    public void printOne()
    {
        System.out.println("One");
        printTwo();
    }
    public void printTwo()
    {
        System.out.println("Two");
        printThree();
    }
    public void printThree()
    {
        System.out.println("Three");
    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        → MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
    }
    public void start()
    {
        System.out.println("Start");
        printOne();
    }
    public void printOne()
    {
        System.out.println("One");
        printTwo();
    }
    public void printTwo()
    {
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        printThree();
    }
    public void printThree()
    {
        System.out.println("Three");
    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

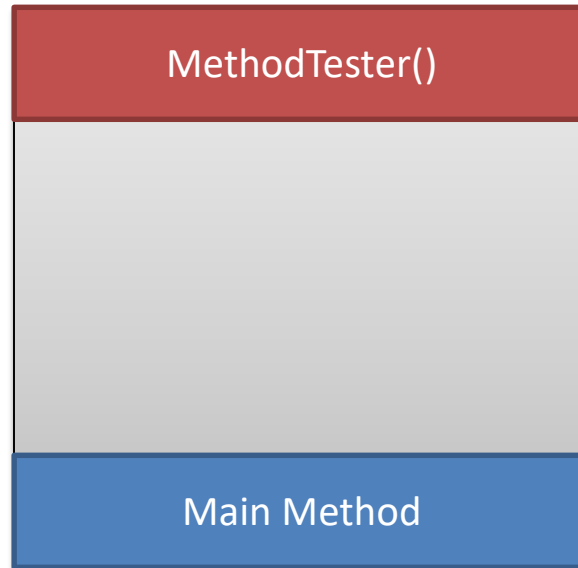


## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        → MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
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        System.out.println("One");  
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    }  
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    {  
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        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

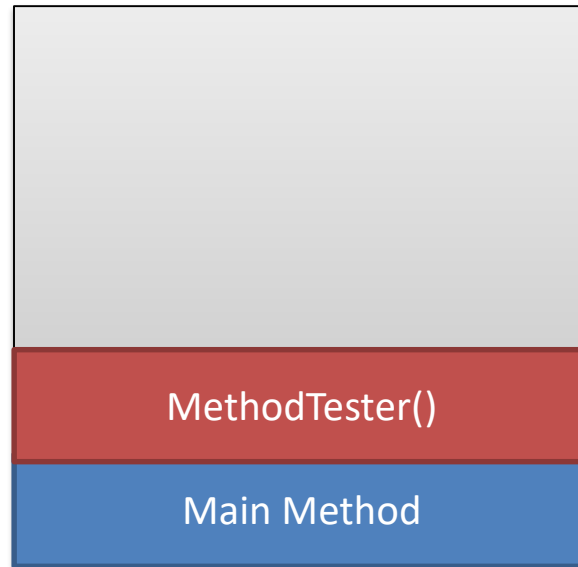


## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        → MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
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        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        → MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
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    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
    }
    public void start()
    {
        System.out.println("Start");
        printOne();
    }
    public void printOne()
    {
        System.out.println("One");
        printTwo();
    }
    public void printTwo()
    {
        System.out.println("Two");
        printThree();
    }
    public void printThree()
    {
        System.out.println("Three");
    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



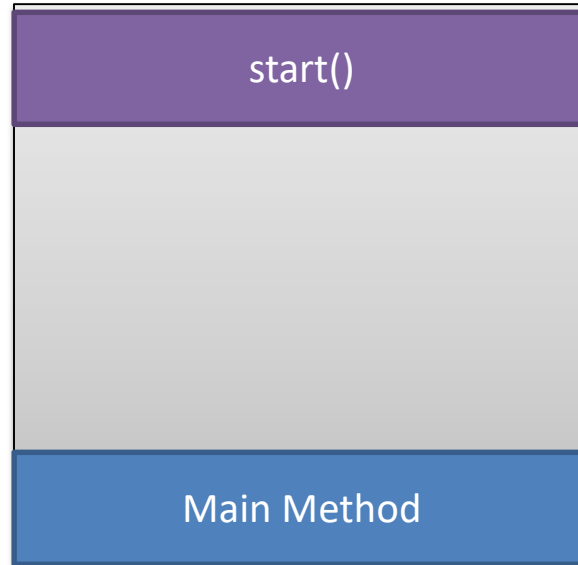
## Console



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

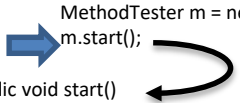
## Call Stack in Memory



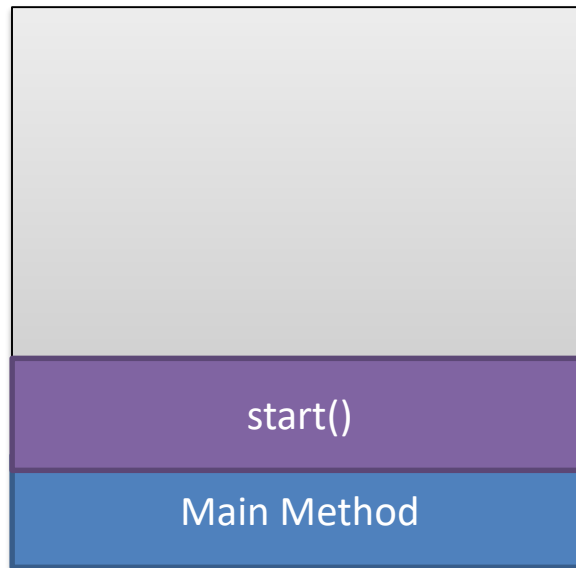
## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

A blue arrow points from the `m.start();` line in the `main` method to the `start` method signature. A black curved arrow points from the `start` method back to the `m.start();` line, indicating a recursive call.

## Call Stack in Memory

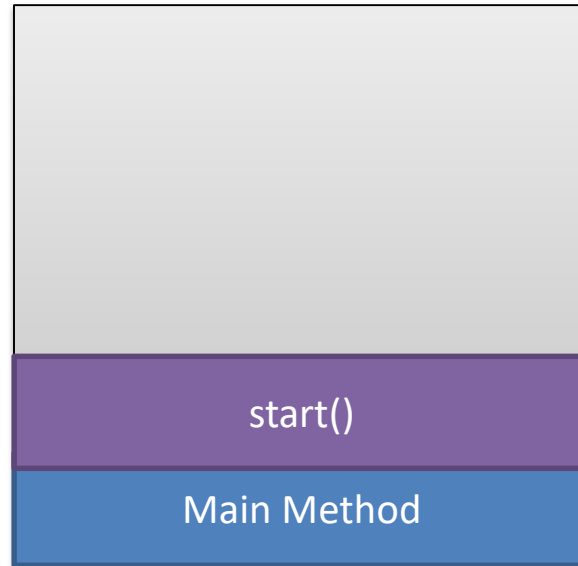


## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
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        System.out.println("One");  
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    }  
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    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

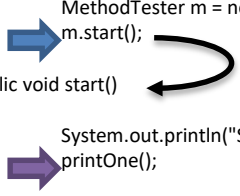
## Call Stack in Memory



Console  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
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        printOne();  
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        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory

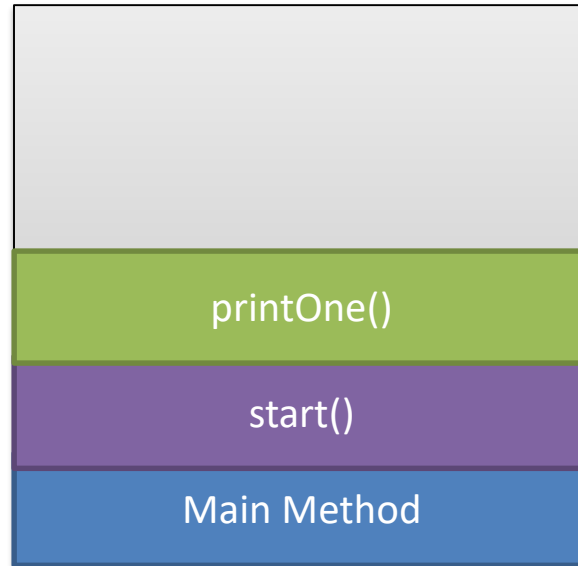


Console  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
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        System.out.println("One");  
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    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

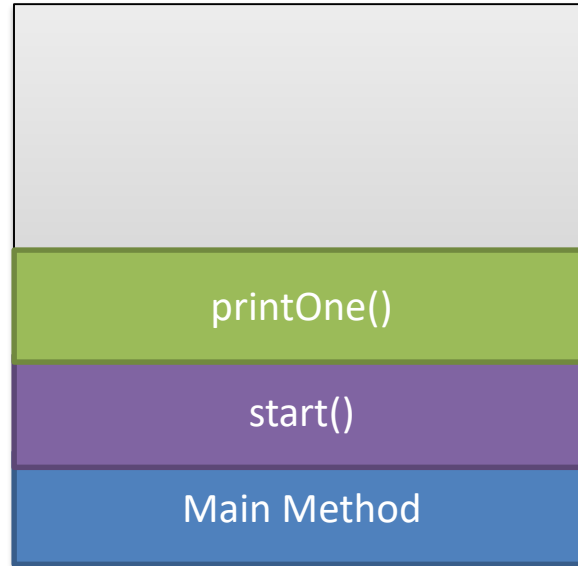


Console  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
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}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

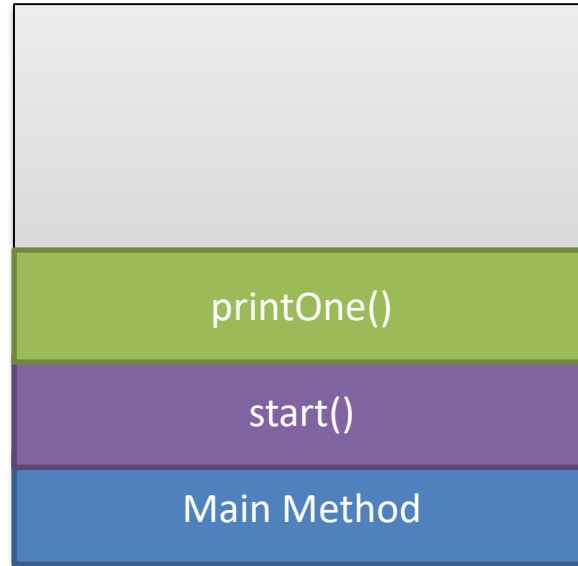


Console  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
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    public void start()  
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    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



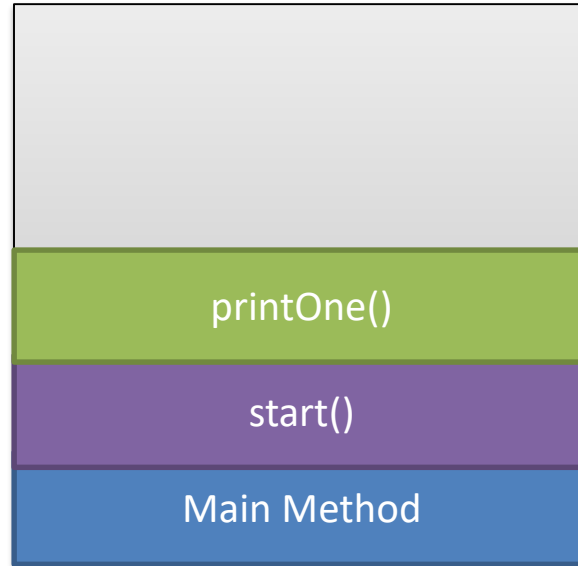
## Console

Start  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
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}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



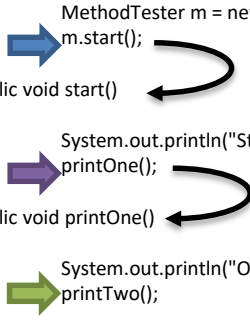
## Console

Start  
One

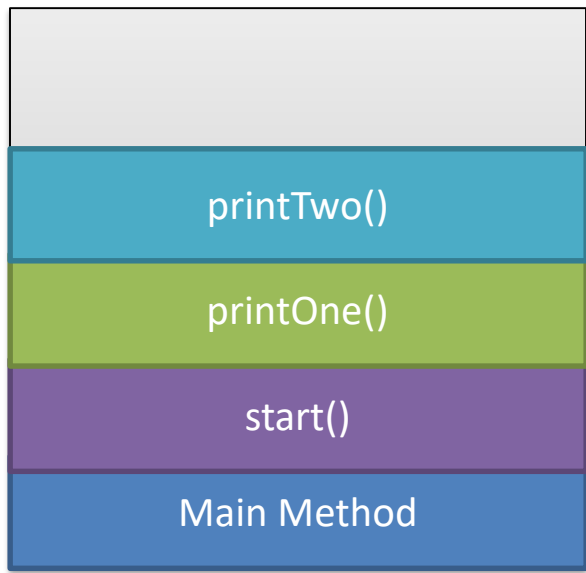


# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
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}
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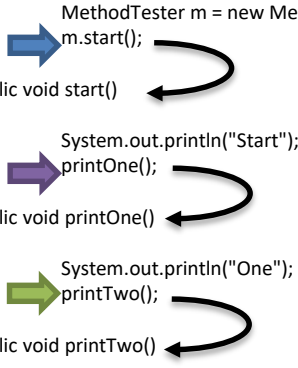
## Call Stack in Memory



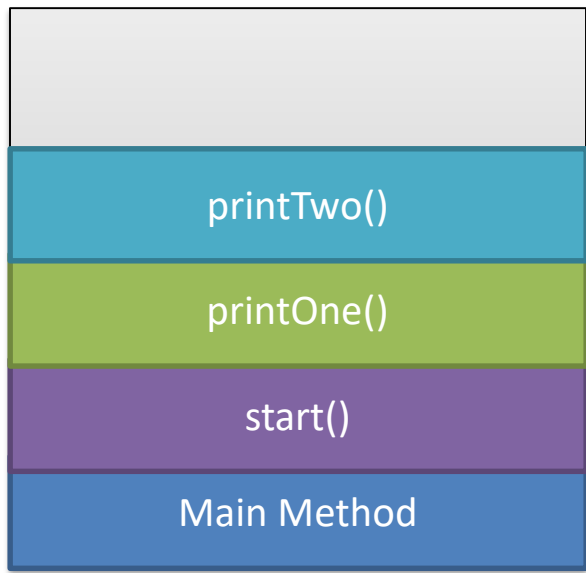
Console  
Start  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
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        m.start();  
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```



## Call Stack in Memory

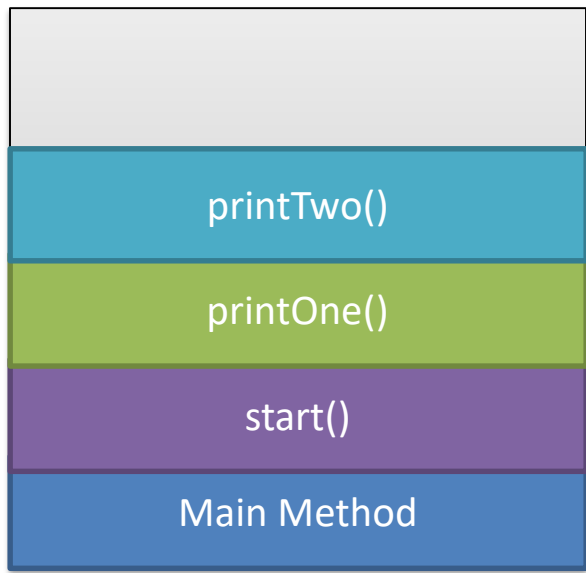


Console  
Start  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
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## Call Stack in Memory



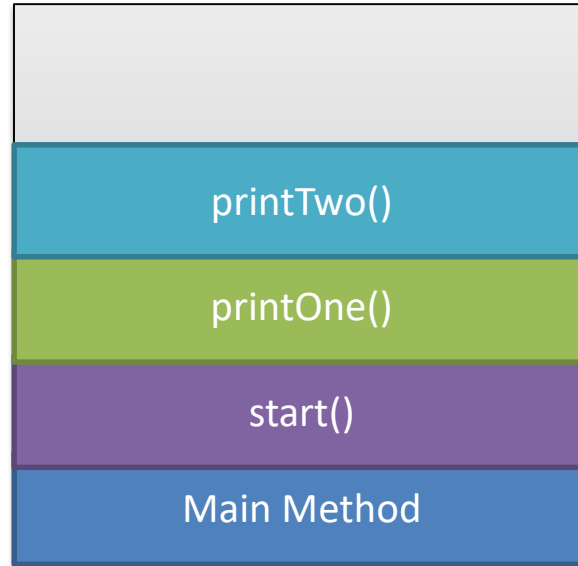
Console  
Start  
One  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

The diagram illustrates the call flow between methods in the code. A blue arrow points from the `m.start();` call in the `main` method to the `start()` method definition. A purple arrow points from the `printOne();` call in the `start` method to its definition. A green arrow points from the `printTwo();` call in the `printOne` method to its definition. A cyan arrow points from the `printThree();` call in the `printTwo` method to its definition. Curved arrows indicate the return path from each method back to its caller.

## Call Stack in Memory



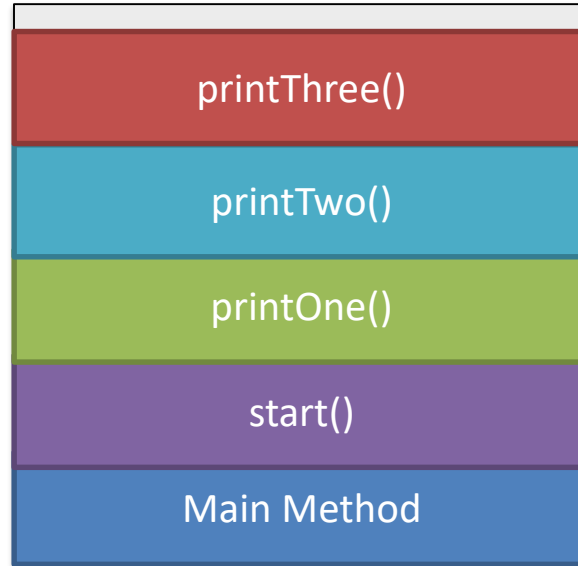
## Console

Start  
One  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

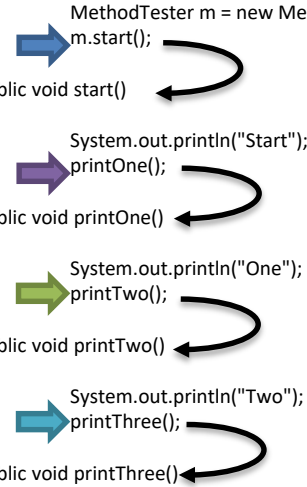


## Console

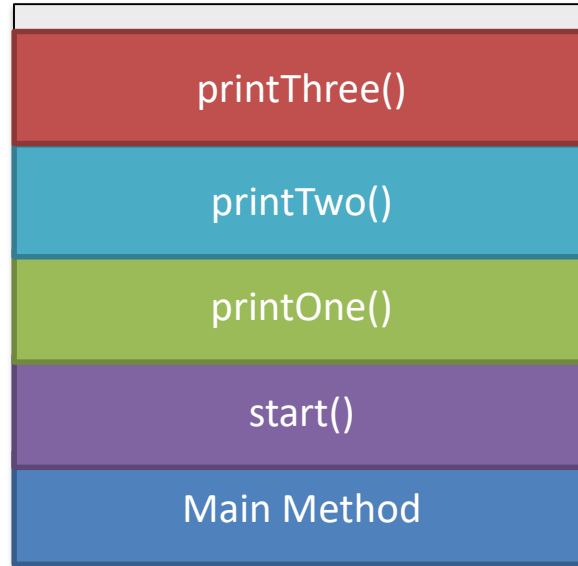
Start  
One  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory



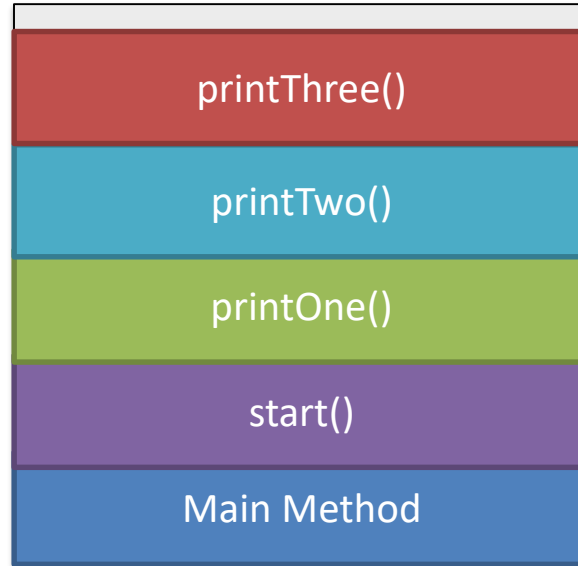
## Console

Start  
One  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
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    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

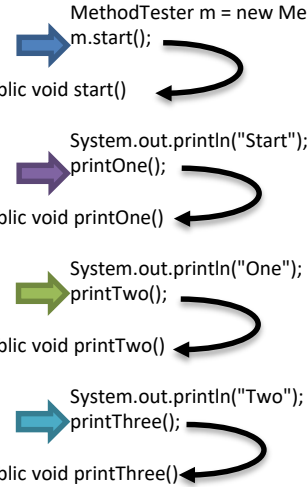


## Console

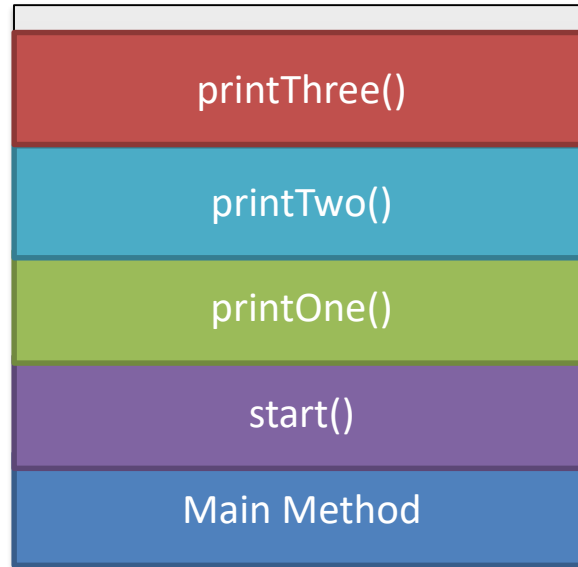
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
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        System.out.println("Two");  
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    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

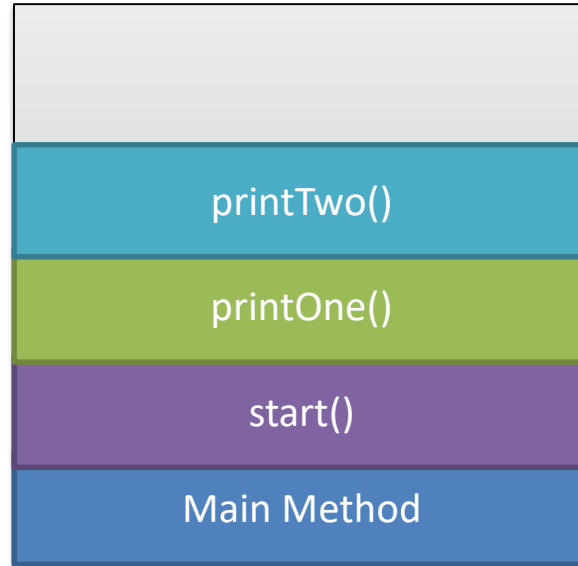
Start  
One  
Two  
Three



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
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    {  
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    {  
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    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



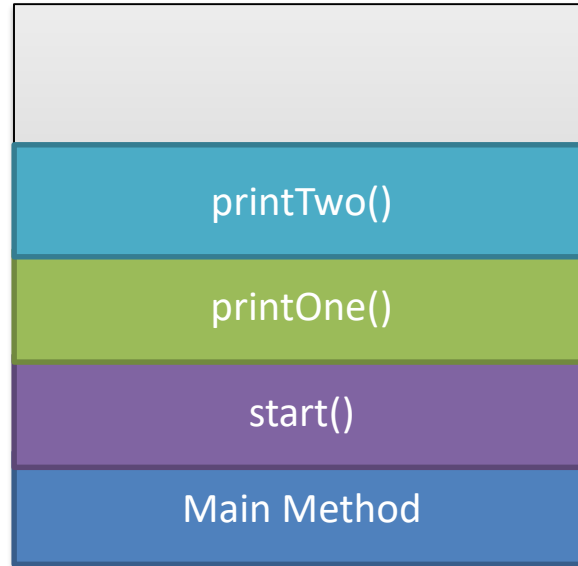
## Console

Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
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    }  
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    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

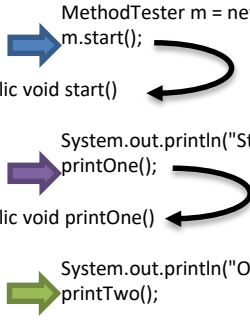


## Console

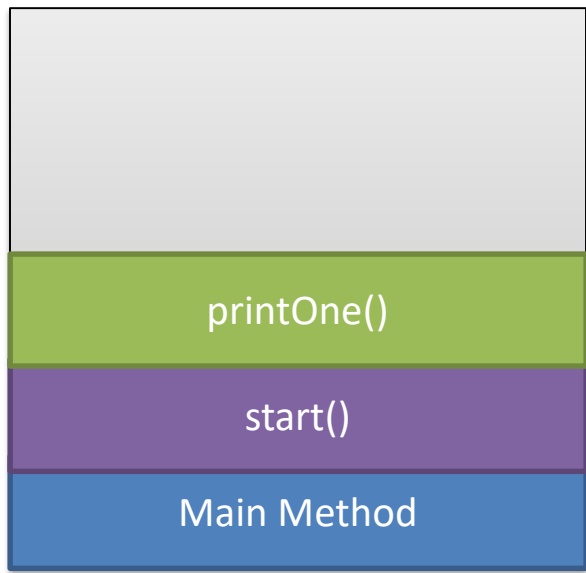
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Start");  
        printOne();  
    }  
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    {  
        System.out.println("One");  
        printTwo();  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



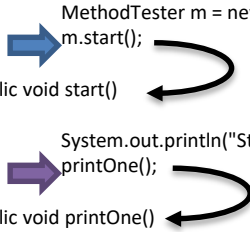
## Call Stack in Memory



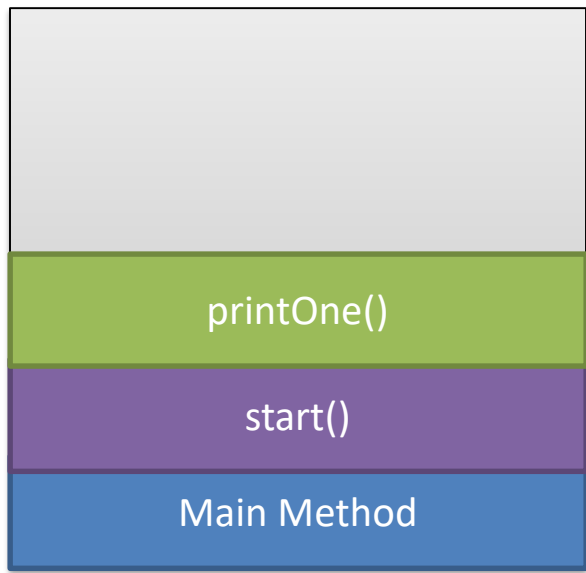
Console  
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
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        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
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        System.out.println("Two");  
        printThree();  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



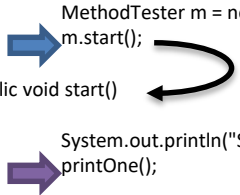
## Call Stack in Memory



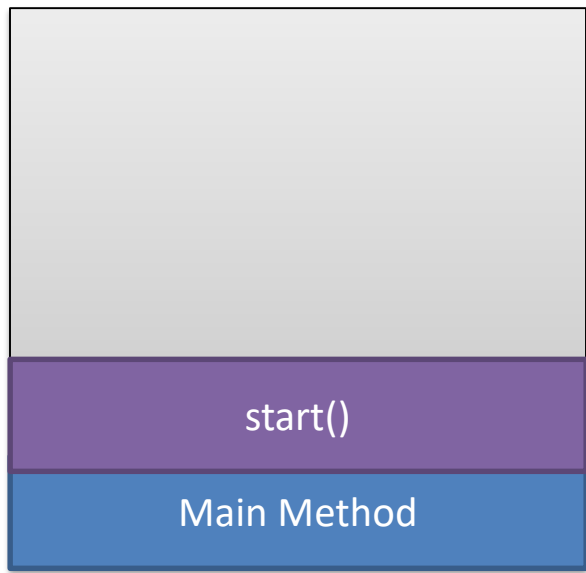
Console  
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
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        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



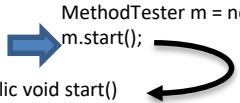
## Call Stack in Memory



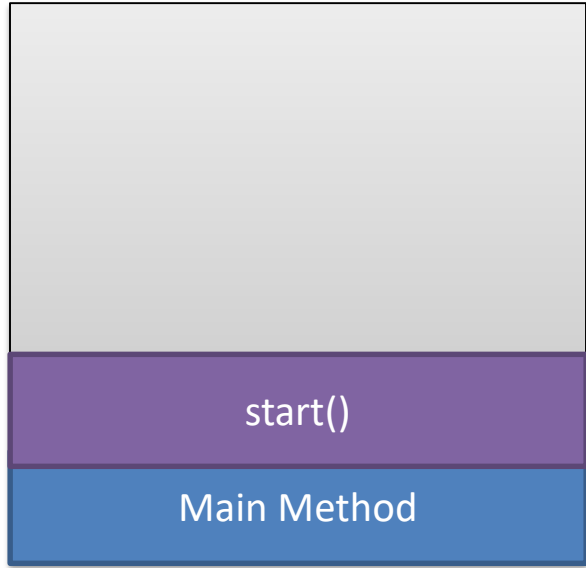
Console  
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
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    {  
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## Call Stack in Memory



Console  
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

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}
```



## Call Stack in Memory



Console  
Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
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    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

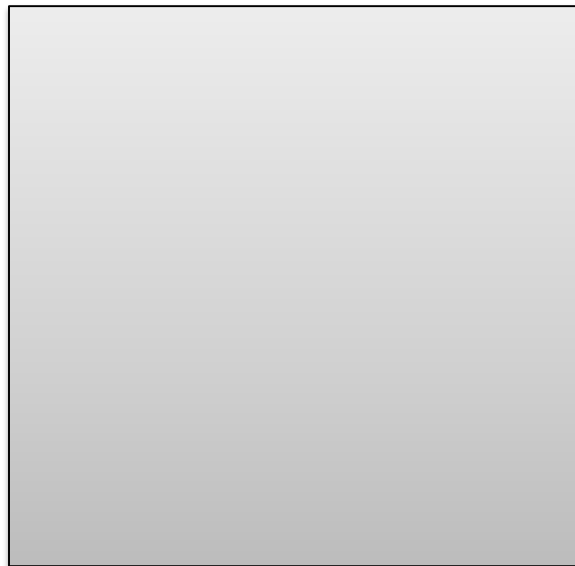
Start  
One  
Two  
Three



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
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    }
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    {
        System.out.println("Two");
        printThree();
    }
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    {
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    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

Start  
One  
Two  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
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    }  
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    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
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    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory

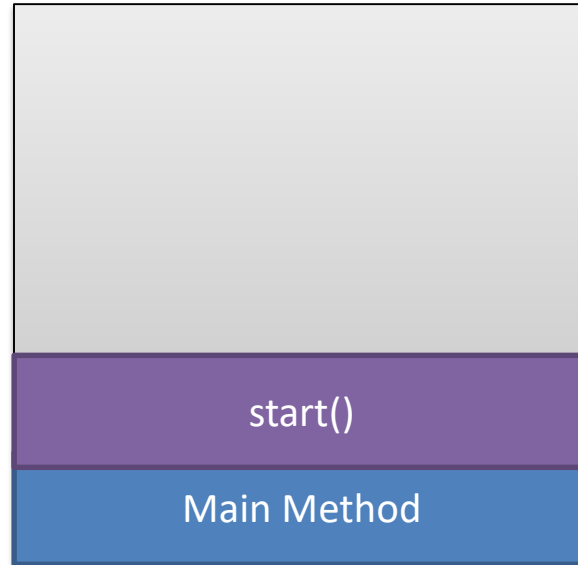


## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
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    {  
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        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

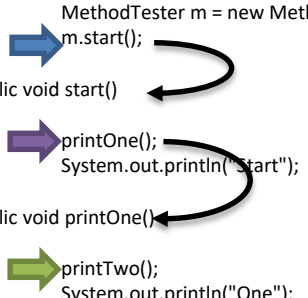
## Call Stack in Memory



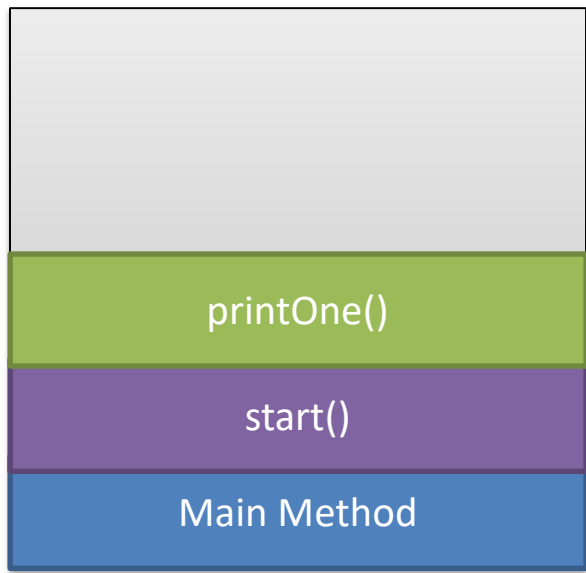
## Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
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        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory

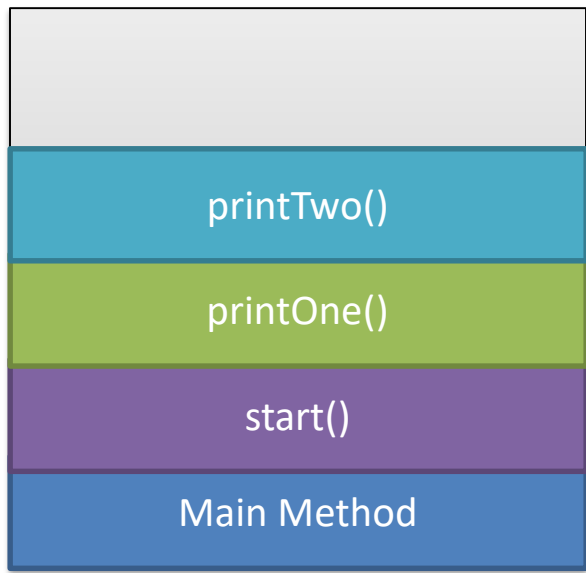


Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
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    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
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    }  
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    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

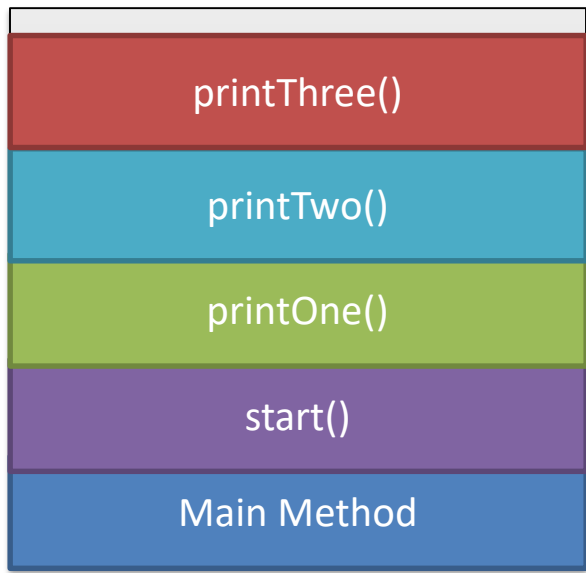


Console

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
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    }  
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    {  
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    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

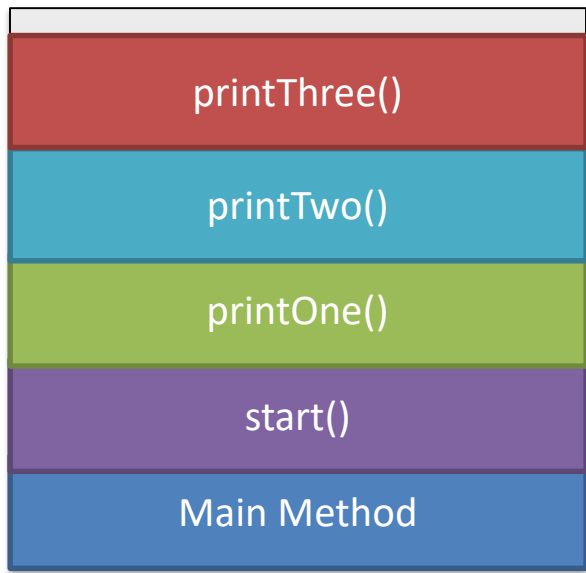


Console  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
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    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



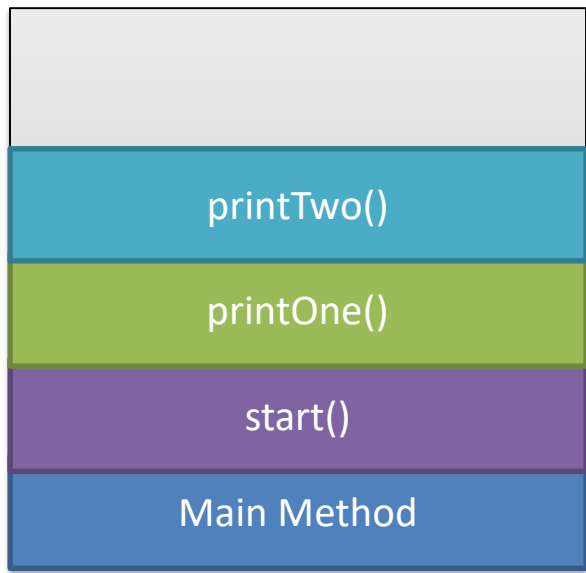
Console  
Three



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
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```

## Call Stack in Memory

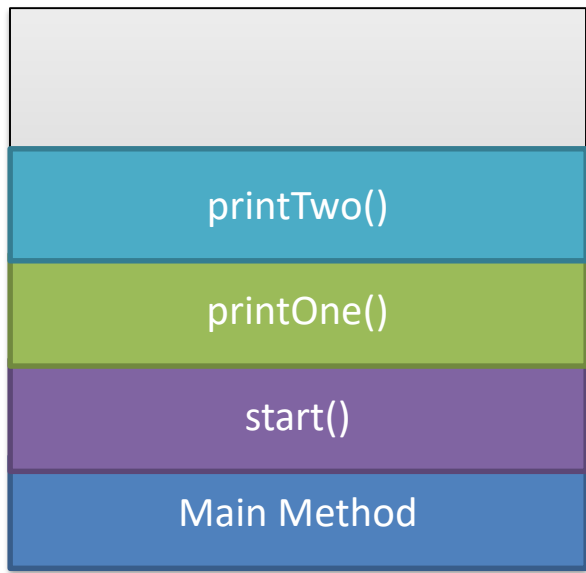


Console  
Three

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
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}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

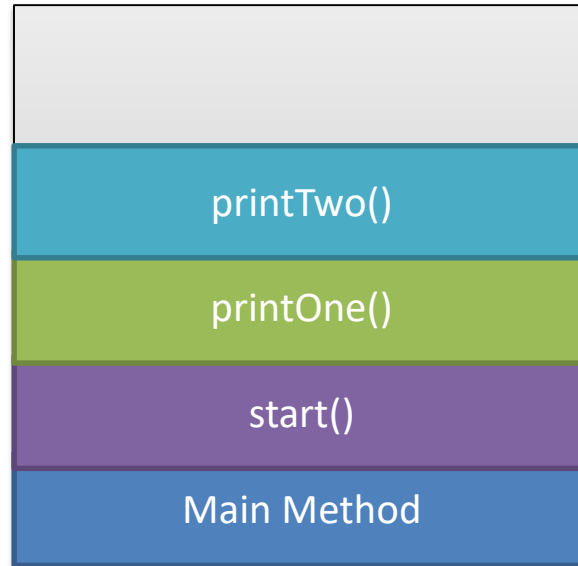


Console  
Three  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
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    }  
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    {  
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    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

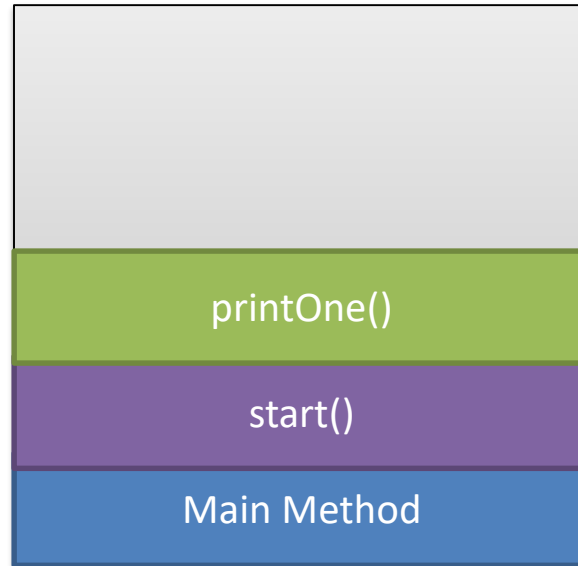


Console  
Three  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
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    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

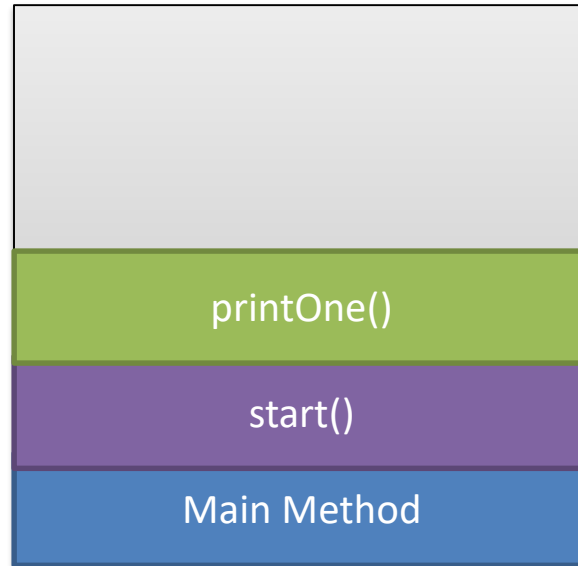


Console  
Three  
Two

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



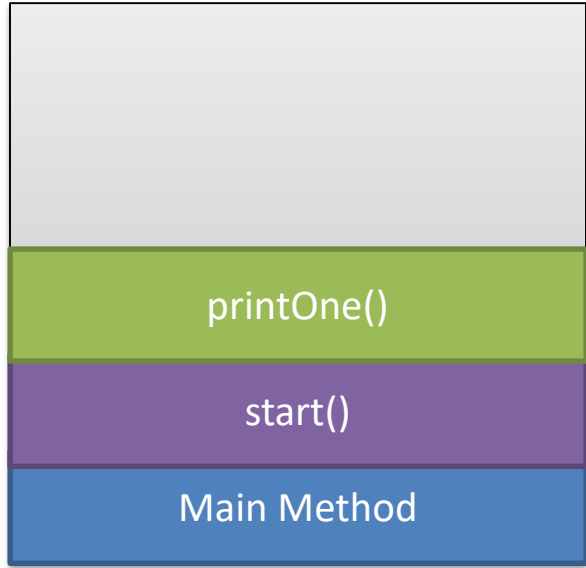
## Console

Three  
Two  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

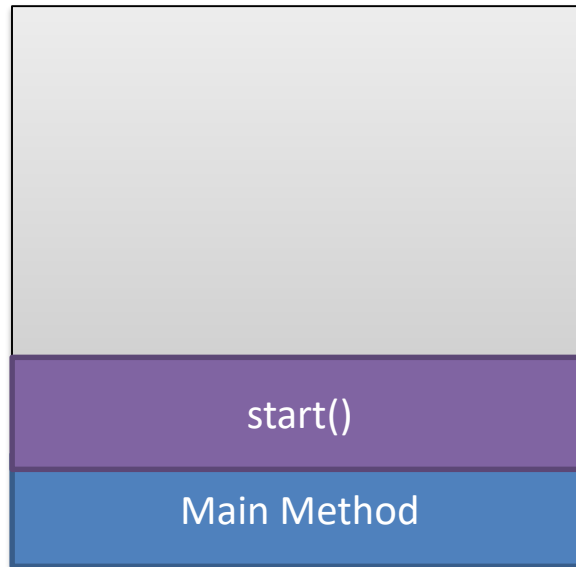


Console  
Three  
Two  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory

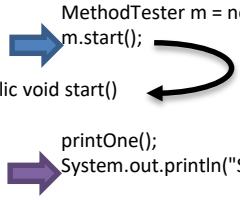


## Console

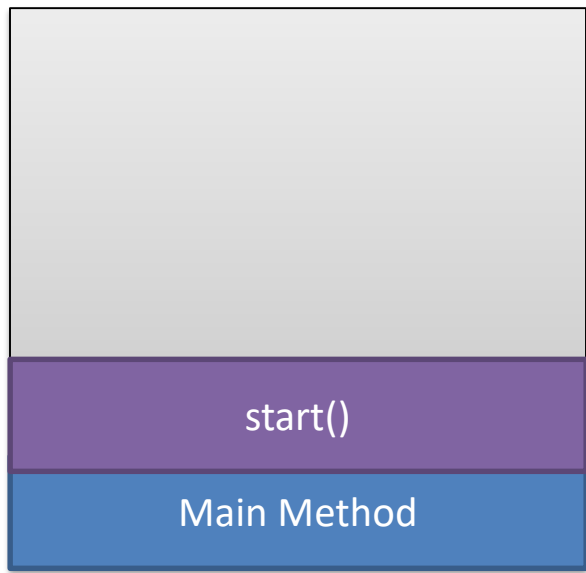
Three  
Two  
One

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory

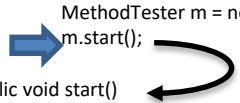


Console  
Three  
Two  
One  
Start



# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```



## Call Stack in Memory



Console  
Three  
Two  
One  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();  
        m.start();  
    }  
    public void start()  
    {  
        printOne();  
        System.out.println("Start");  
    }  
    public void printOne()  
    {  
        printTwo();  
        System.out.println("One");  
    }  
    public void printTwo()  
    {  
        printThree();  
        System.out.println("Two");  
    }  
    public void printThree()  
    {  
        System.out.println("Three");  
    }  
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

Three  
Two  
One  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
    }
    public void start()
    {
        printOne();
        System.out.println("Start");
    }
    public void printOne()
    {
        printTwo();
        System.out.println("One");
    }
    public void printTwo()
    {
        printThree();
        System.out.println("Two");
    }
    public void printThree()
    {
        System.out.println("Three");
    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



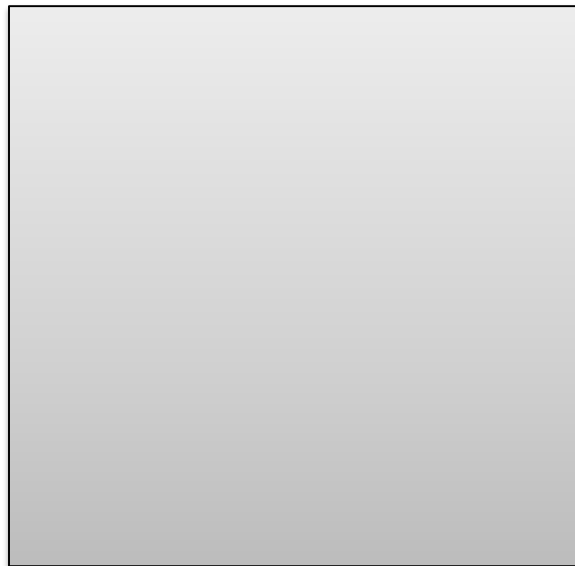
## Console

Three  
Two  
One  
Start

# Methods And Memory

```
public class MethodTester {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        MethodTester m = new MethodTester();
        m.start();
    }
    public void start()
    {
        printOne();
        System.out.println("Start");
    }
    public void printOne()
    {
        printTwo();
        System.out.println("One");
    }
    public void printTwo()
    {
        printThree();
        System.out.println("Two");
    }
    public void printThree()
    {
        System.out.println("Three");
    }
}
```

## Call Stack in Memory



## Console

Three  
Two  
One  
Start

Example