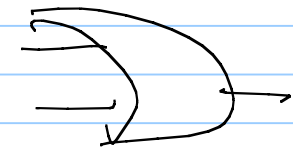
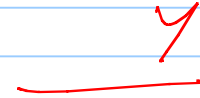
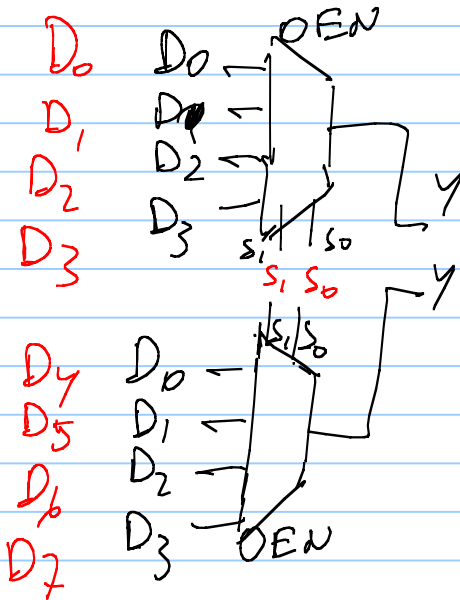
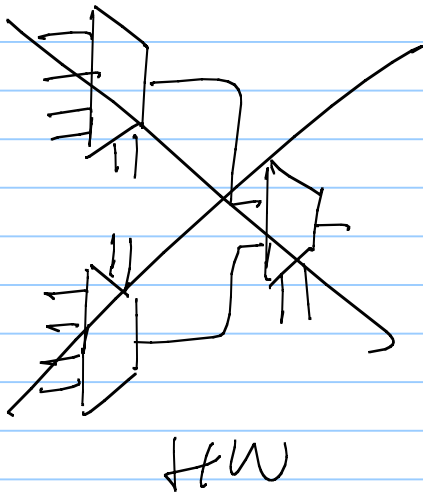


Some hints for test 2 (take-home test)



S_2

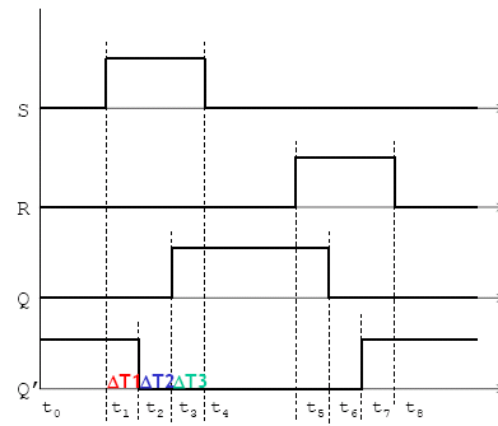
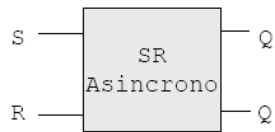
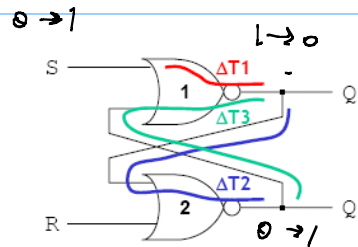


Circuit 3 will be posted before next class
 It will be due Wednesday of next week.

This chapter in the book includes:

- Objectives
- Study Guide
- 11.1 Introduction
- 11.2 Set-Reset Latch
- 11.3 Gated D Latch
- 11.4 Edge-Triggered D Flip-Flop
- 11.5 S-R Flip-Flop
- 11.6 J-K Flip-Flop
- 11.7 T Flip-Flop
- 11.8 Flip-Flops with Additional Inputs
- 11.9 Summary
- Problems
- Programmed Exercise

We already analyzed the Set Reset Latch



Delays in timing diagram

Tabella delle transizioni

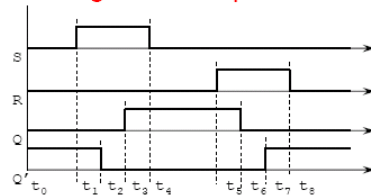
SR	00	01	11	10
Q	0	0	-	1
1	1	0	-	1

S	R	Q*
0	0	Q
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	-

Tabella delle eccitazioni

Q	Q*	S	R
0	0	0	-
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	-	0

Diagramma Temporale



Espressione logica

$Q^* = S + R'Q$
 Con vincolo $S=R \neq 1$

Q*: stato prossimo
 Q: stato presente

Four different description of the behavior of the S-R latch

not in Ch. 11 of our textbook

[Sammi]

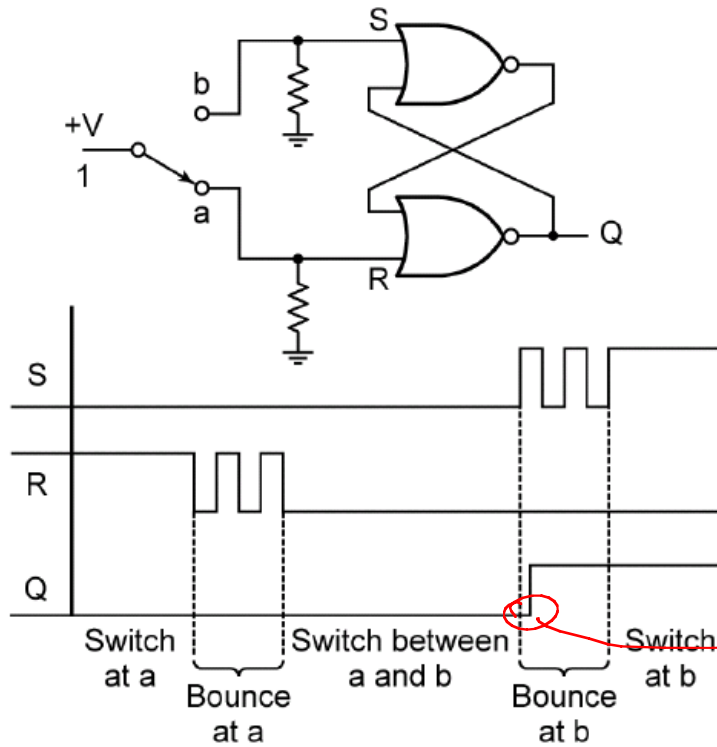
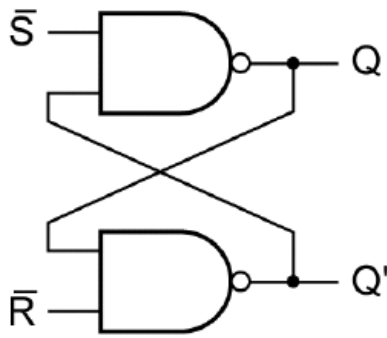
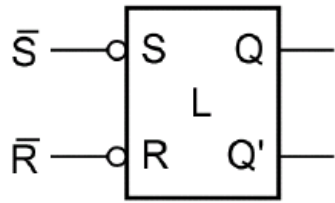


Figure 11-9: Switch Debouncing with an S-R Latch

After this short delay, the output of this debounced double throw switch stays at 1, even though S bounces between 1 and 0.



(a)



(b)

\bar{S}	\bar{R}	Q	Q^+
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
0	0	0	-
0	0	1	-

} inputs not allowed

Figure 11-10: \bar{S} - \bar{R} Latch

Deal of
S-R latch

Gated D Latch

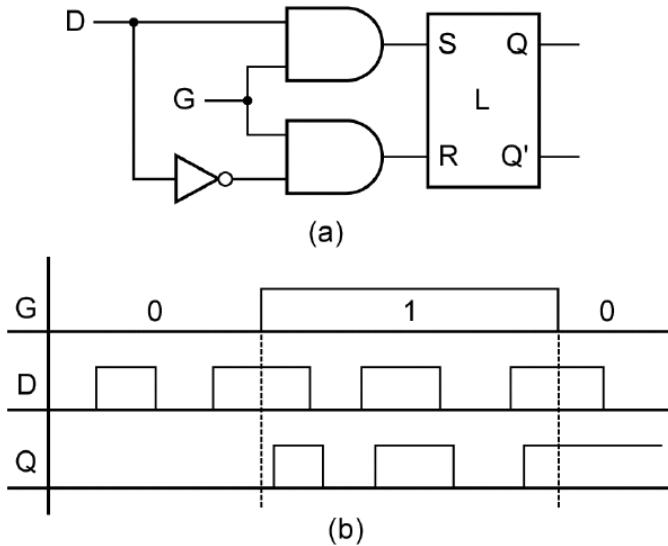


Figure 11-11: Gated D Latch

GDQ	Q ⁺
000	0
001	1
010	0
011	1
100	0
101	0
110	1
111	1

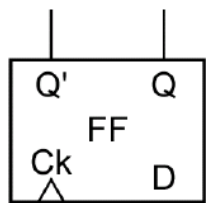
Figure 11-12 (left): Symbol and Truth Table for Gated Latch

GD	00	01	11	10
0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0

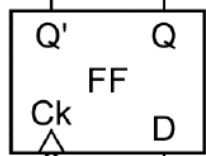
$Q^+ = G'Q + GD$

Figure 11-12 (continued)

Characteristic equation of the gated D latch. When $G=1$, the input D is passed "transparently" to the Q output. When $G=0$, there is no state change.



(a) Rising-edge trigger



(b) Falling-edge trigger

D	Q	Q ⁺
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	1

(c) truth table

$$Q^+ = D$$

Figure 11-13: D Flip-Flops

In a flip-flop, the output only changes in response to the clock transitioning from 0 to 1 ("rising-edge trigger") or 1 to 0 ("falling edge trigger").

0 → 1 transition

1 → 0 transition

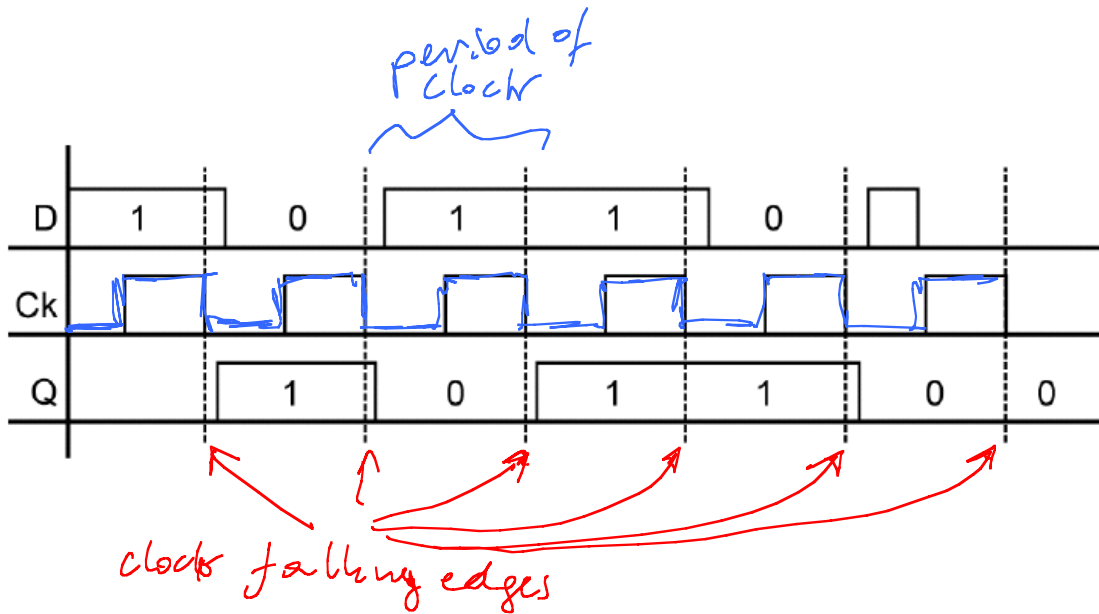
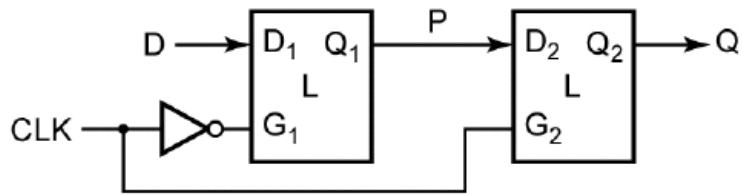
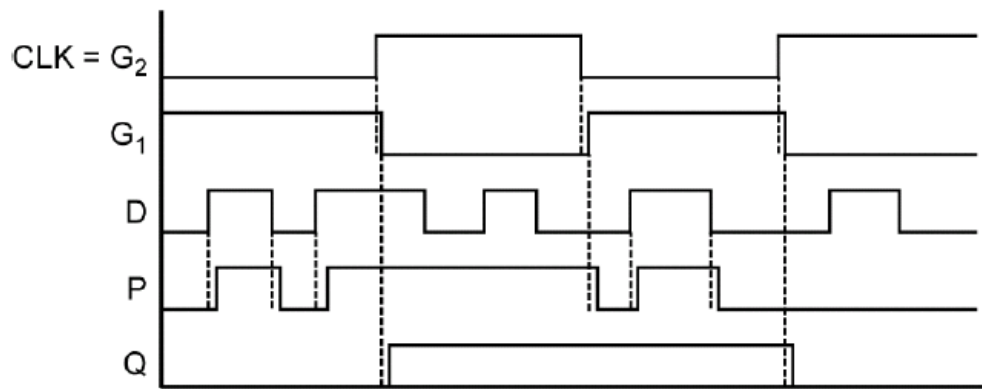


Figure 11-14: Timing for D Flip-Flop (Falling Edge Trigger)

Timing is critical
for flip-flops!



(a) Construction from two gated D latches



(b) Time analysis

Figure 11-15: D Flip-Flop (Rising Edge Trigger)

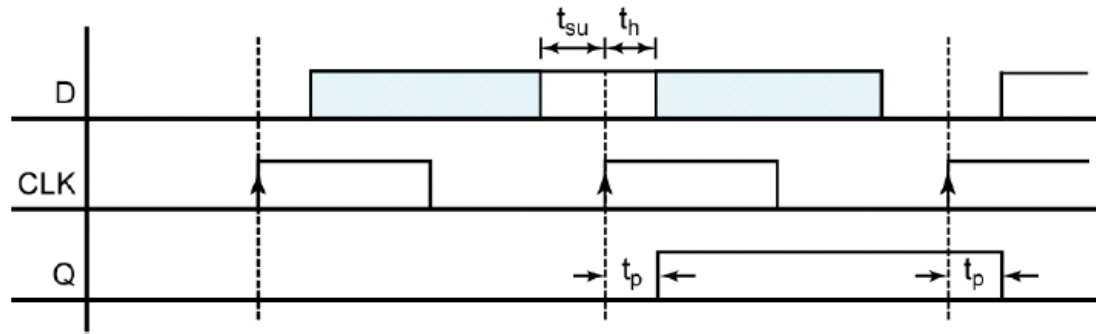


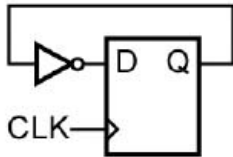
Figure 11-16: Setup and Hold Times for an Edge-Triggered D Flip-Flop

t_p is the propagation delay time, from the time the clock changes to the time the output Q changes.

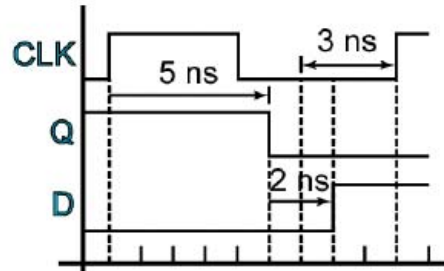
t_{su} : setup time - time that D must be stable before the active edge of the clock

t_h : hold time - time that D must be stable after the active edge of the clock

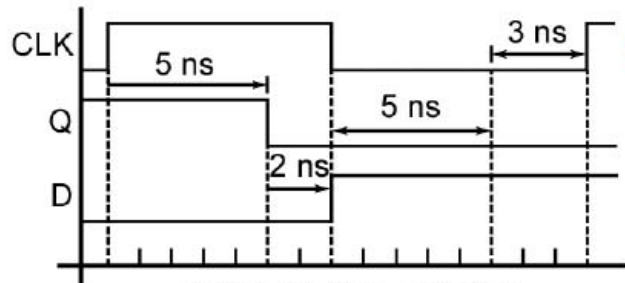
If setup and hold times are not respected, the flip-flop behavior is unpredictable.



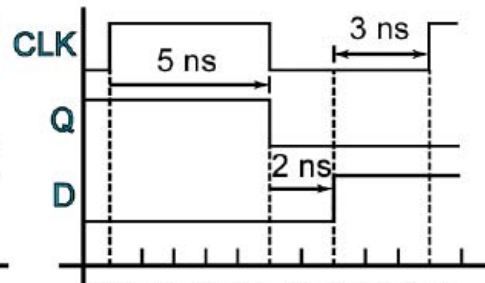
(a) Simple flip-flop circuit



(b) Setup time not satisfied



(c) Setup time satisfied



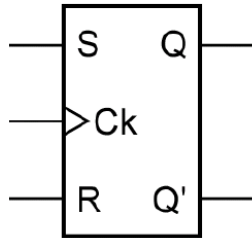
(d) Minimum clock period

Figure 11-17: Determination of Minimum Clock Period

$$(b) \ 9 \text{ ns} \ (4 + 5)$$

$$(c) \ 15 \text{ ns} \ (7 + 8)$$

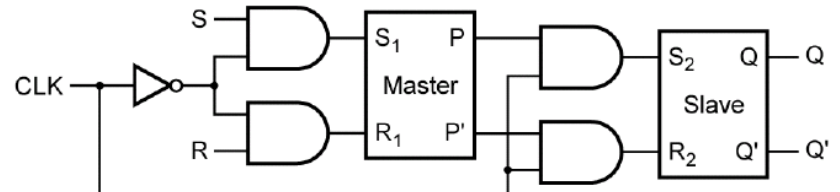
$$(d): \ 10 \text{ ns} \ (5 + 5)$$



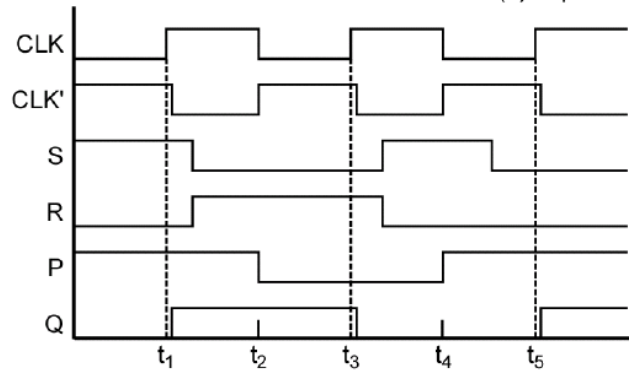
Operation summary:

- S = R = 0 no state change
- S = 1, R = 0 set Q to 1 (after active Ck edge)
- S = 0, R = 1 reset Q to 0 (after active Ck edge)
- S = R = 1 not allowed

Figure 11-18: S-R Flip-Flop

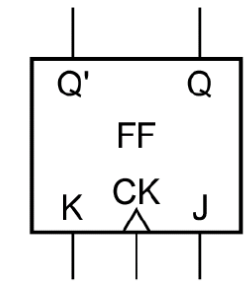


(a) Implementation with two latches



(b) Timing analysis

Figure 11-19: S-R Flip-Flop Implementation and Timing



(a) J-K flip-flop

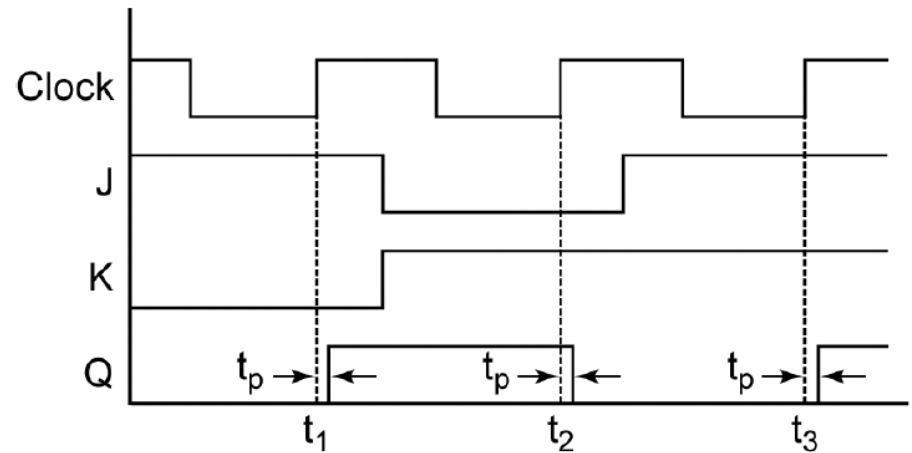
$$Q^+ = JQ' + K'Q$$

JKQ	Q ⁺
000	0
001	1
010	0
011	0
100	1
101	1
110	1
111	0

(b)

Figure 11-20ab: J-K Flip-Flop
(Q Changes on the Rising Edge)

©2004 Brooks/Cole



(c) J-K flip-flop timing

Figure 11-20c: J-K Flip-Flop
(Q Changes on the Rising Edge)

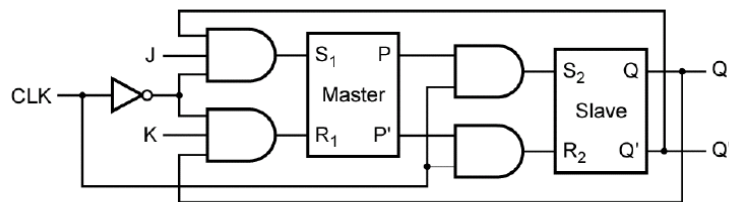


Figure 11-21: Master-Slave J-K Flip-Flop
(Q Changes on Rising Edge)

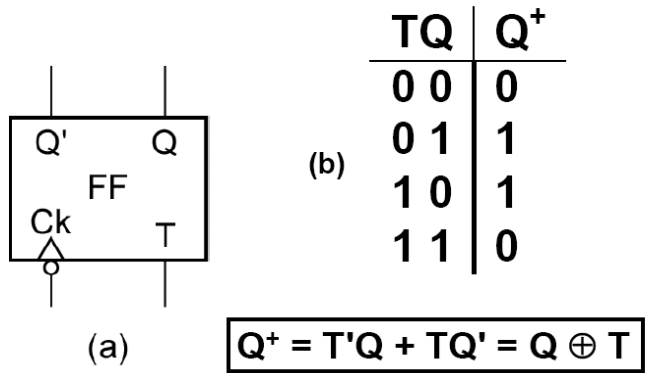


Figure 11-22ab: T Flip-Flop

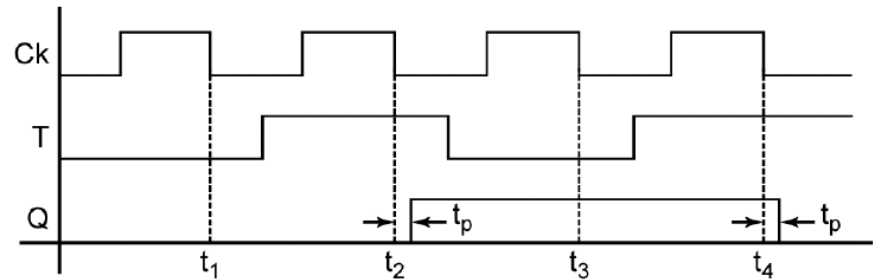


Figure 11-23: Timing Diagram for T Flip-Flop (Falling-Edge Trigger)

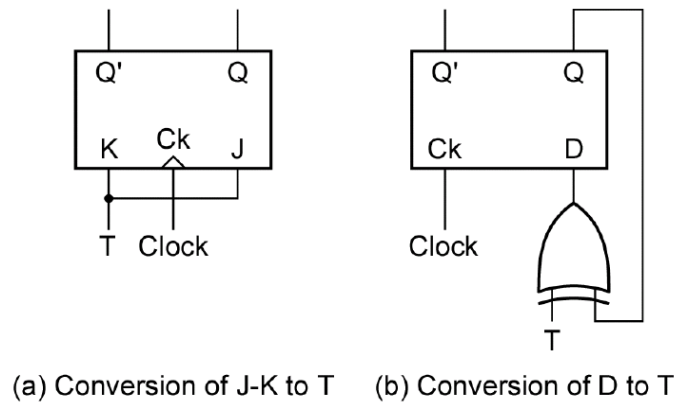
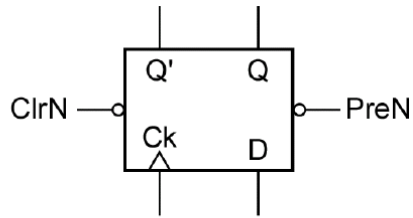


Figure 11-24: Implementation of T Flip-Flops



CK	D	PreN	ClrN	Q ⁺
x	x	0	0	(not allowed)
x	x	0	1	1
x	x	1	0	0
↑	0	1	1	0
↑	1	1	1	1
0,1, ↓	x	1	1	Q (no change)

Figure 11-25: D Flip-Flop with Clear and Preset

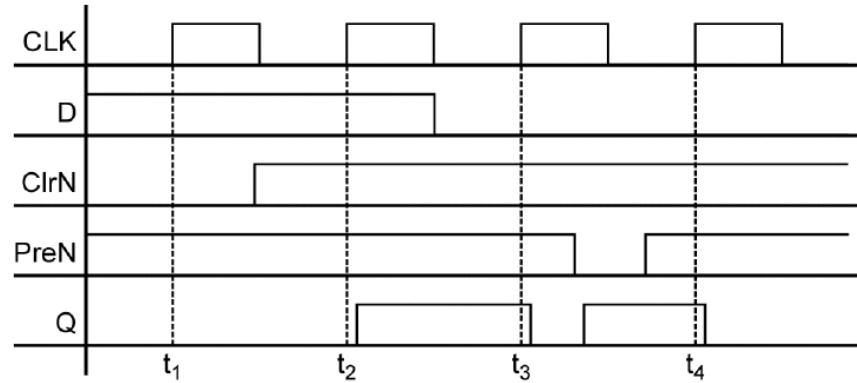
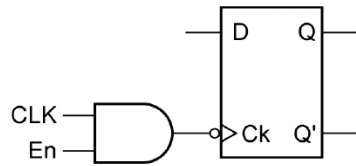
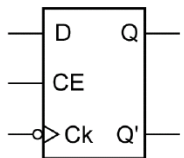


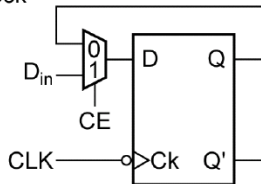
Figure 11-26: Timing Diagram for D Flip-Flop with Asynchronous Clear and Preset



(a) Gating the clock



(b) D-CE symbol



(c) Implementation

Figure 11-27: D Flip-Flop with Clock Enable