

CSCE 551/MATH 562, Homework 2

due Monday 2/12/2024

Exercise 1.19: Use the procedure described in Lemma 1.55 to convert the following regular expressions to nondeterministic finite automata.

b. $((00)^*(11) \cup 01)^*$

Exercise 1.21: Use the procedure described in Lemma 1.60 to convert the following finite automata to regular expressions.

b. [Given in tabular form (this is a DFA):]

| | | |
|------|---|---|
| | a | b |
| → *1 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 3 |
| *3 | 1 | 2 |

Exercise 1.29: Use the pumping lemma to show that the following languages are not regular.

b. $A_2 = \{www \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

c. $A_3 = \{a^{2^n} \mid n \geq 0\}$ (Here, a^{2^n} means a string of 2^n a's.)

Problem 1.40: Recall that a string x is a *prefix* of string y if a string z exists where $xz = y$, and that x is a *proper prefix* of y if in addition $x \neq y$. In each of the following parts, we define an operation on a language A . Show that the class of regular languages is closed under that operation.

b. $NOEXTEND(A) = \{w \in A \mid w \text{ is not a proper prefix of any string in } A\}$. [Note: I have corrected the textbook's wording, changing "the" to "a" because a string can have many proper prefixes.]

Problem 1.43: Let A be any language. Define $DROP-OUT(A)$ to be the language containing all strings that can be obtained by removing one symbol from a string in A . Thus,

$$DROP-OUT(A) = \{xz \mid xyz \in A \text{ where } x, z \in \Sigma^*, y \in \Sigma\} .$$

Show that the class of regular languages is closed under the *DROP-OUT* operation. Give both a proof by picture and a more formal proof by construction as in Theorem 1.47.

Non-Textbook Exercise 1: Let $\Sigma := \{a, b\}$, and let L be the language of all strings $w \in \Sigma^*$ such that a b occurs somewhere in the *second* half of w , that is,

$$L := \{w \in \Sigma^* : (\exists t, u \in \Sigma^*)[w = tbu \ \& \ |t| > |u|]\} .$$

Show that L is not pumpable (hence not regular by the Pumping Lemma).

Non-Textbook Exercise 2: Let $\Sigma := \{a, b, c\}$. For any $w \in \Sigma^*$, let $MoreA(w)$ be the set of all possible strings obtained from w by replacing each occurrence of a in w with a string of one or more a 's (not necessarily the same number for each occurrence). So for example,

$$\begin{aligned} MoreA(bc) &= \{bc\} , \\ MoreA(bac) &= \{bac, baac, baaac, \dots\} , \\ MoreA(baca) &= \{baca, baaca, bacaa, baacaa, \dots\} . \end{aligned}$$

For any language $L \subseteq \Sigma^*$, define

$$MoreA(L) := \bigcup_{w \in L} MoreA(w) ,$$

that is, the result of applying $MoreA()$ to every string in L and collecting the resulting strings into a language.

Show that if L is regular, then $MoreA(L)$ is regular.